

**CLIMBUP™ INSECT INTERCEPTOR**  
**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**  
**TO MONITOR BED BUGS (*Cimex lectularius*, *Cimex hemipterus*)**  
**IN HUMAN-OCCUPIED STRUCTURES**

The CLIMBUP™ insect interceptor forms a barrier between floor and bed. Bed bugs approaching bed from room will climb up exterior surface and fall into the outer pitfall ring. Bed bugs climbing down from bed will be found in center well.

1) CLIMBUP™ insect interceptor is ready to use with center well and pitfall ring pre-lubricated with talc to form slick surface to prevent bed bug escape. The talc will not kill bed bugs. With repeated wipe-outs and prolonged use, re-lubrication with talc is advised. OPTIONAL: To avoid handling of live bugs, a dust (e.g. diatomaceous earth) or non-repellent liquid (e.g. soapy water, mineral oil) may be added to in center well and outer pitfall ring.

2) Pull beds or upholstered furniture away from wall. Tuck in skirts, bedspreads, and other bed linen to prevent touching the floor or wall with fabric. Disconnect cords of telephones, electric blankets, clocks, etc., leading from wall to bed.

3) Place every leg of beds or upholstered furniture where humans sleep in center well of an interceptor.

4) Observe outer pitfall ring and center well capture areas after 24+ hours. Interceptors with liquids or dusts in capture areas may be left unattended for several days.

5) Keep interceptors in place under bed legs for a minimum of 14 days to determine if bed bugs are present in structure. Interceptors may be left in place under bed legs to provide continual monitoring of bed bugs.

6) Remove bed bugs from interceptor by wiping out with tissue that is immediately placed in a sealed plastic bag. Count bugs by developmental stage from each capture area to determine efficacy of control treatment.

Susan McKnight, Inc. EPA EST.NO. 85542-TN-001      patent pending